Year 5 Spring 2: Vikings Knowledge Organiser

LABURNUM PRIMARY SCHOOL

- **BC** means **'Before Christ'**
- **Anno Domini (AD)** means 'in the year of our lord' in Latin.
- C. stands for **'circa'** which means 'about' in Latin.
- AD and BC are also known as **CE (Common Era)** and **BCE (before the Common Era).**

Viking Timeline

			AD 700: The Viking age begins.	**AD 793**: First invasion by the Vikings. They raided monasteries on the coast including Lindisfarne, off the coast of Northumbria.
AD 794: First raids on Scotland and Ireland.	**AD 865**: Great Viking army from Denmark invades England	**AD 866**: Danes capture York (which the Vikings called Jorvik) and make it their kingdom (land ruled by a king)	**AD 876**: Vikings from Denmark, Norway and Sweden settle permanently in England.	**AD 886**: King Alfred the Great defeats the Vikings but allows them to settle in Eastern England.
AD 954: Eric Bloodaxe, the last king of Jorvik, is thrown out of York	**AD 1001**: Vikings land in America and establish a settlement	**AD 1014**: King Canute (Cnut) of Denmark becomes King of England.	**AD 1066**: Battle of Hastings occurred; William (the Conqueror) crowned King of	**AD 1100**: End of the Viking age.

The Viking invaders came from Norway, Sweden and Denmark.

The Vikings lived in long houses with their animals. These homes were low and made of wood with a thatched roof.

The Viking raid on Lindisfarne took place in 793AD. They stole gold, jewellery and religious manuscripts

Viking long ships were made of wood. They had a dragon/serpent feature at the prow of the boat. The boats were powered by man and wind.